

ONDOKUZ MAYIS UNIVERSITY
SCHOOL OF FOREIGN LANGUAGES
ACADEMIC YEAR 2016-2017
PROFICIENCY TEST

FOR PREP. CLASSES

A

SEPTEMBER, 2016

Name:

Surname:

TR ID Number/Student Number:

Signature:

Choose the correct options for 1-29 questions

1. It was not an accident. He did it on ----- .

- a) decision b) intention c) purpose d) security e) benefit

2. The most famous college of the town was ----- by the wealthy family who lived there for years.

- a) uploaded b) pretended c) estimated d) founded e) released

3. A two year old baby was the only one to----- the crash; all the other passengers were killed.

- a) survive b) live c) cure d) relieve e) recover

4. When I fell down in front of so many people at the party, I felt so -----.

- a) proud b) exhausted c) satisfied d) useful e) embarrassed

5. She has been afraid of -----since her early childhood.

- a) darker b) darken c) darkly d) darkened e) darkness

6. The firemen managed to get the little girl out of fire ----- without any injuries.

- a) regularly b) poorly c) lazily d) angrily e) safely

7. Please keep ----- your mind what I have told you.

- a) in b) from c) on d) for e) between

8. Most people don't believe in love at first sight, -----I think the case is not the same with me and my wife.

- a) because b) so c) but d) in spite of e) due to

9. Nobody knows why she----- to work with us. Our offer was really very satisfying.

- a) denied b) inferred c) refused d) approved e) chose

10. London is not----- city in the world, but it offers a good variety of goods in all ----- markets.

- a) the cheap / their b) the cheapest / its c) cheaper / much d) cheapest / more e) cheap / a little

11. These pears are ----- juicy ----- it isn't possible to eat them without a napkin.

- a) such / that b) so / that c) as / as d) the same / as e) different / from

12. She can't find her glasses. She doesn't know where she left them. She -----them in the office or on the train.

- a) could leave b) must leave c) should have left d) may have left e) can leave

13. ----- you are happy about it, I have no objection.

- a) As long as b) Whatever c) Therefore d) However e) Although

14. The accident was my fault. It ----- If I ----- too fast.

- a) wouldn't happen / didn't drive
b) wouldn't have happened / drove
c) didn't happen / hadn't driven
d) won't happen / will drive
e) would have never happened / hadn't driven

15. If a lot of homes ----- solar energy, oil ----- much longer.

- a) will use / will last b) used / would last c) had used / last
d) use / would have lasted e) used / will last

16. The history of the Venetian Republic to an end in 1797 when Venice ----- over to Austria by Napoleon.

- a) was coming / would have been handed b) had come / has been handed c) comes / had been handed
d) came / was handed e) would come / was being handed

17. We ----- no problems whatsoever with the dam since it ----- forty years ago.

- a) had / has been constructed b) have had / was constructed c)) had had / had been constructed
d) are having / is constructed e) were having / was being constructed

18. By the time you ----- to the office, the secretary ----- all the projects.

- a) come/will have finished b) will come/will be finished c) have come/finishes
d) would come/will finish e) came/would have finished

19. Turkey to forecast the possible results of participating in a war against Syria these days.

- a) tries b) has been tried c) is trying d) was trying e) will try

20. Nicotine consumption by pipe smoking; a casual relationship between all forms of smoking and cancer.

- a) is not diminishing / have existed b) has not diminished / is existed c) is not diminished / exists
d) have not been diminished / is existing e) will not diminish / will exist

21. His clothes are in a mess because he ----- the house all morning.

- a) will be painting b) has been painting c) will have painted
d) is painting e) was painting

22. I ----- much of the film because I fell asleep half-way through.

- a) saw b) haven't seen c) didn't see d) had seen e) have seen

23. The doctor ----- the patient with a smile and told him that he ----- better.

- a) approached / is looking b) has approached / felt c) approached / looked
d) approaches / is feeling e) approaches / looks

24. She didn't see the snake ----- was lying on the ground.

- a) where b) whose c) what d) that e) who

25. I cannot remember the reason ----- he wanted to leave us.

- a) why b) which c) where d) when e) how

26. You may come ----- it is convenient to you.

- a) however b) whenever c) wherever d) whatever e) whichever

27. When you fell down, I could not help ----- at you. I am so sorry.

- a) laugh b) to laugh c) laughing d) laughed e) being laughed

28. Stop ----- in the garden and come home immediately!

- a) to play b) having played c) played d) play e) playing

29. The teacher didn't allow me ----- ice-cream in the classroom.

- a) eating b) to eat c) ate d) eat e) to eating

Choose the indirect form of the sentence in 30

30. Ali: How often do you go to cinema with your girlfriend?

- a) Ali told me how often he goes to cinema with her girlfriend.
b) Ali asked me how often I went to cinema with my girlfriend.
c) Ali wanted to know if I go to cinema with my girlfriend or not.
d) I asked Ali how often he goes to cinema with his girlfriend.
e) Ali said that I should go to cinema with my girlfriend.

Choose the correct passive form of the sentences (31-33)

31. We will give you a little time to decide what to do.

- a) They are given a little time to decide what to do.
b) I will give them a little time to decide what to do.
c) I will be given a little time to decide what to do.
d) You will be given a little time to decide what to do.
e) They will give me a little time to decide what to do.

32. They offered me a great amount of money not to play at the match.

- a) I was offered a great amount of money not to play at the match.
b) I offered them a great amount of money not to play at the match.
c) A great amount of money has been offered to me not to play at the match.
d) They were offered a great amount of money not to play at the match.
e) I will offer them a great amount of money not to play at the match.

33. Have you collected the rubbish on the beach?

- a) Is the rubbish collected on the beach?
- b) Did you collect the rubbish on the beach?
- c) Are you going to collect the rubbish on the beach?
- d) Has the rubbish on the beach been collected?
- e) Was the rubbish being collected on the beach?

Choose the correct expressions that complete the dialogues best (34-37)

34. A: What's your opinion about nuclear energy?

B: In my opinion, nuclear energy is our best hope for the future.

A: Well, I think just the opposite. -----

- a) Nuclear reactors are a clean and safe source of energy.
- b) Nuclear energy poses a threat to the safety of the population.
- c) Without it, we would be forced to live in a world without energy.
- d) People complain about radiation with no reason at all.
- e) Our oil and gas supplies are very limited.

35. A : ----- ?

B: Well, it is very striking.

A: Do you like the color?

B: Yes, I do. It goes well with the carpet.

- a) What do you think about our new wall paper?
- b) Does it go with the curtains?
- c) What do you think about our new carpet?
- d) Do you like my new armchairs?
- e) Have you changed your curtains?

36. A: Will everyone attend the conference?

B: We've had replies to our invitations from everyone ----- Jane.

- a) except for
- b) at last
- c) such as
- d) in addition
- e) than

37. A: I'll study all irregular verbs for the exam.

B: You ----- them. We are not supposed to learn them for this exam.

- a) must learn
- b) should learn
- c) can't learn
- d) don't have to learn
- e) may learn

Choose the correct options that give the Turkish meaning of these sentences (38-39)

38. The prime Minister made a long and effective speech in support of the government's policy.

- a) Başbakanın yaptığı uzun ve etkili konuşmanın amacı, hükümetin politikasına destek sağlamaktır.

- b) Başbakan, yaptığı uzun ve etkili konuşmasıyla hükümetin politikasına destek sağlamaya çalıştı.
- c) Başbakan, hükümetin politikası lehinde uzun ve etkili bir konuşma yaptı.
- d) Başbakanın hükümete destek sağlamak amacıyla yaptığı uzun konuşma çok etkili oldu.
- e) Hükümetin politikasına destek sağlamak için uzun bir konuşma yapan başbakan amacına ulaştı.

39. In recent years, our athletes have obtained quite good results in international contests.

- a) Sporcularımız, ancak son yıllarda uluslararası yarışmalarda iyi sonuçlar almaya başlamışlardır
- b) Uluslararası karşılaşmaların son bir kaç yılı değerlendirildiğinde, sporcularımızın durumu oldukça iyidir.
- c) Son yıllarda sporcularımız, uluslararası karşılaşmalarda oldukça iyi sonuçlar elde etmişlerdir.
- d) Sporcularımız son yıllarda, uluslararası alanda, çok iyi karşılaşmalara katılmışlardır.
- e) Son yıllarda sporcularımızın, uluslararası yarışmalarda oldukça iyi sonuçlar aldığı gözlenmektedir.

Choose the correct options that give the English meaning of these sentences (40- 41)

40. En çok korktuğu dersin sınav tarihi yaklaştıkça, Susan daha da gerginleşti.

- a) Susan greatly feared test days, and those of certain subjects more than others.
- b) Susan was very nervous about the exam day and grew even more fearful as it got closer.
- c) As the date of the most fearful exam approached, Susan became more frightened of the course.
- d) Susan grew more and more nervous as the exam date of the subject she feared most drew nearer.
- e) When the exam date got nearer, Susan's most feared course began to look more and more frightening.

41. Çok sert bir taş olmasına rağmen granit, diğer kayalar gibi, zamanla aşınır ve parçalanır.

- a) Granite is one of the hardest stones; nevertheless, like any other rock, over time it will wear out and crumble.
- b) As time passes, granite wears out and crumbles like most other rocks, even though it is a very hard stone.
- c) All rocks, even a very hard stone like granite, wear out and crumble in time.
- d) Being a very hard stone, granite takes longer to wear out and crumble, just like other hard rocks.

e) In spite of being a very hard stone, like other rocks, granite wears out and crumbles in time.

Choose the correct options according to the passage (42-44)

Wheel was the first invention of mankind. Undoubtedly, the earliest wheels were smooth logs and they were used for moving weights over the earth's surface. We don't know who he was or when it happened, but when the first inventor invented the wheel, mankind began to roll from one place to another. The Wheel has so fascinated the mind of man that he has spent centuries building machines around it.

42. We have used and developed wheels although----- .

- a) they aren't very reliable. b) we know nothing about its origin. c) machines cause air-pollution.
- d) they are available to move weights over the earth's surface. e) mankind spent centuries on building machines around it.

43. The main point emphasized in the passage is that -----.

- a) mankind had a great advantage by the invention of wheels. b) the first inventor should have been rewarded.
- c) there is nothing more important than the invention of wheel. d) the invention of wheel is not the first or the last one.
- e) with or without the invention of wheels, mankind could manage to build a civilization.

44. It isn't obviously understood from the passage -----,

- a) when the first wheels were invented. b) what the mankind felt about the wheels. c) for what the first wheels were used.
- d) what fascinated the mankind. e) what the first wheels were.

Choose the correct options according to the passage (45-47)

Built by the disconsolate Emperor Shah Jahan in memory of his wife, the TajMahal mausoleum has survived the rise and fall of many empires, and it attracted looters, too; over the years, they carried away the silver doors from its gates, the precious stones from its marble walls and gold from its graves. But those were small threats compared with the modern danger of pollution. Emissions from the coal-fired steel laundries, thermal power stations, cars and an oil refinery in the industrial belt around Agra are corroding and yellowing the TajMahal's white marble.

45. According to the passage, the TajMahal mausoleum----- .

- a) is no longer richly decorated as it once used to be. b) is not in need of any extensive restoration.
- c) has, on several occasions been almost completely destroyed. d) was built to be the tomb of the Emperor Shah Jahan.
- e) was deliberately sited in an industrial area.

46. At present, the main threat to the survival of the TajMahal is ----- .

- a) the lack of interest in the building.
- b) small scale robbery.
- c) on-going looting.
- d) industrial pollution.
- e) damaging effects of the climate in Agra.

47. The passage is mainly concerned with ----- .

- a) the restoration work planned for the TajMahal.
- b) the steadily worsening condition of the TajMahal mausoleum.
- c) measures taken to prevent robbery in the past.
- d) the various kinds of industries in the TajMahal area.
- e) historic importance and value of the TajMahal mausoleum.

Choose the correct options according to the passage(48-50)

The ozone layer absorbs all the highest frequencies of ultraviolet radiation and prevents them from reaching the surface of the planet. A reduction of only 5 per cent in its overall concentration would probably lead to about a 10 per cent increase in human skin cancers, and a 10 per cent drop in stratospheric ozone levels would increase the amount of hot and dangerous ultraviolet radiation on earth by 20 per cent. Beyond this level, the precise effects of ozone layer depletion on both humans wild life are extremely difficult to predict.

48. As the passage points out, a major function of the ozone layer is to ----- .

- a) prevent the transmission of low frequency radiation.
- b) protect the earth from the harmful effects of ultraviolet radiation
- c) reduce the amount of radiation in the stratosphere to 10 per cent.
- d) regulate the frequencies of ultraviolet radiation.
- e) speed up the cure of skin cancer.

49. The author points out that it is almost impossible to estimate ----- .

- a) the effects of a drop of more than 10 per cent in the level of ozone concentration.
- b) how wild life has been affected by the increase in ultraviolet radiation.
- c) the extent of ozone depletion in recent years.

- d) the annual rate of skin cancer due to ozone depletion.
- e) the speed at which ultraviolet radiation reaches the earth.

**50. The author points out that a 10 per cent increase in human skin cancer would be likely to occur -----
----- .**

- a) unless measures could be found to prevent ozone layer depletion.
- b) should there be 20 per cent increase in ultraviolet radiation.
- c) if there were a 5 per cent drop in the ozone layer density.
- d) if urgent action were not taken to prevent it.
- e) should stratospheric ozone levels change at all.

GOOD LUCK ☺

2016-2017 DIĐER FAK. ZOR. HAZIRLIK MUAFIYET CEVAP ANAHTARI (A GRUBU)

1- C	27- C
2- D	28- E
3- A	29- E
4- E	30-B
5- E	31-C
6- E	32-A
7- A	33-E
8- C	34-B
9- C	35-A
10- B	36-A
11- B	37-D
12- D	38-C
13- A	39-C
14- E	40-D
15- B	41-E
16- D	42-B
17- B	43-A
18- A	44-A
19- C	45-A
20- C	46-D
21- B	47-C
22- C	48-B
23- C	49-A
24- D	50-C
25- A	
26- B	

